disclose the information to the patient's designated representative.

(3) If the patient is mentally, physically or legally unable to designate a representative, the PRO must disclose the information to a person whom the PRO determines is responsible for the patient.

The PRO must first attempt to make that determination based on the medical record. If the responsible person is not named in the medical record, then the PRO may rely on the attending practitioner for the information. If the practitioner is unable to provide a name, then the PRO must make a determination based on other reliable information.

[50 FR 15359, Apr. 17, 1985; 50 FR 41887, Oct. 16, 1985]

## § 476.133 Disclosure of information about practitioners, reviewers and institutions.

- (a) *General requirements for disclosure.* Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, the following provisions are required of the PRO.
- (1) Disclosure to the identified individual or institution. A PRO must disclose, to particular practitioners, reviewers and institutions, information about themselves, upon request, and may disclose it to them without a request.
- (2) Disclosure to others. (i) A PRO must disclose to an institution, upon request, information on a practitioner to the extent that the information displays practice or performance patterns of the practitioner in that institution.
- (ii) In accordance with section 1160 of the Act, a PRO must disclose information that displays practice or performance patterns of a practitioner or institution in accordance with the procedures for disclosures specified in §§ 476.137 and 476.138 to—
- (A) Federal and State agencies that are responsible for the investigation of fraud and abuse of the Medicare or Medicaid programs, and
- (B) Federal and State agencies that are responsible for licensing and certification of practitioners and providers.
- (iii) A PRO may disclose to any person, agency or organization, information on a particular practitioner or re-

viewer with the consent of that practitioner or reviewer provided that the information does not identify other individuals.

- (b) Exceptions. (1) If the request is in connection with an initial denial determination or a change resulting from a diagnostic related group (DRG) coding validation under Part 466 of this subchapter, the PRO must provide only the information used to support that determination in accordance with the procedures for disclosure of information relating to determinations under § 473.24.
- (2) A PRO must disclose information regarding PRO deliberations only as specified in §476.139(a).
- (3) A PRO must disclose quality review study information only as specified in § 476.140.

[50 FR 15359, Apr. 17, 1885, as amended at 52 FR 37458, Oct. 7, 1987; 52 FR 47004, Dec. 11, 1987]

## § 476.134 Verification and amendment of PRO information.

- (a) A PRO must verify the accuracy of its information concerning patients, practitioners, reviewers, and institutions and must permit the individual or institution to request an amendment of pertinent information that is in the possession of the PRO.
- (b) If the PRO agrees with the request for amendment, the PRO must correct the information in its possession. If the information being amended has already been disclosed, the PRO must forward the amended information to the requester where it may affect decisions about a particular provider, practitioner or case under review.
- (c) If the PRO disagrees with the request for amendment, a notation of the request, reasons for the request, and the reasons for refusal must be included with the information and attached to any disclosure of the information.

[50 FR 15358, Apr. 17, 1985; 50 FR 41887, Oct. 16, 1985]

## § 476.135 Disclosure necessary to perform review responsibilities.

(a) Disclosure to conduct review. The PRO must disclose or arrange for disclosure of information to individuals and institutions within the PRO review